

# Command Line Development Tools

**Session 901** 



















# Command Line Development Tools

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#### Introduction

- Mac OS X has a full set of command-line tools
- These tools speed Mac OS X ports
- Mac OS X is a familiar place for Unix applications



# Topics

- How to build and debug using commandline tools
- What tools are available on a standard system
- Unique features of Mac command-line tools
- Porting issues
- Documentation and resources



#### Command-Line Tools?

- On Macs!
- Familiarity: 30 years of productivity on Unix
- Power: tools are composable
   diff old.cc new.cc | grep fo[po]\_fn
- Leverage: thousands of tools delivered across the industry



# Terminal Program

- Launch Terminal
  - [ Applications -> Utilities -> Terminal ]
  - /Applications/Utilities/Terminal.app
- Uses multiple windows
- Each window runs a separate shell
- Lots of preferences
- Delivered on ALL systems





# Demo

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### The Catechism

```
% emacs foo.c
% cat foo.c
main() { printf("hello\n"); }
% cc -g foo.c
% ./a.out
hello
% gdb a.out
(gdb) break main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x1eac: file foo.c, line 1.
(gdb) run
... 1 main() {printf("hello\n"); }
(gdb)
```

• What else do you need? :-)



### Shells

- The shell interprets commands
- Different shells have different scripting languages
- tcsh
- zsh
- bash



## Editor Options

- Emacs, the One True Editor
  - Highly customizable
  - 10.1 standard version is 20.7.1
  - X11 version downloadable
- Vi
- "Because we value diversity"
- Simple and easy to learn
- Pico, etc.





# Demo

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# Language Options

- (
- $\bullet$ C++
- Objective-C, Objective-C++
- Java (1.3.1)
- Perl, tcl, PHP, Python (in 10.2)
- Third parties: Metrowerks, AbSoft
- Downloads: G77 (Fortran), GNAT (Ada), Lisp, etc.



# Build Tool Options

- GNU Make
  - The standard
- BSD Make
  - For compatibility only
- Jam/pbxbuild
  - Uses Project Builder projects
  - Apple's jam extended from Net version



#### Other Useful Tools

- Collection most similar to FreeBSD
  - CVS, RCS, SCCS for source code control
  - troff, nroff, eqn, pic, etc text tools
  - lex, yacc, flex, bison
  - ranlib, ar, as, otool, autoconf
- •>400 programs in /bin and /usr/bin



#### **APIs**

- Most of POSIX, but not all of it
  - Report POSIX nonconformance
- OpenGL and GLUT
- Carbon and Cocoa for GUI
- IO Kit for drivers and other kernel extensions
- Several X11 systems available



### 

• A framework consists of a shared library (dylib), headers, and resources

```
Foo Headers/

foo.h
bar.h
Resources/
Info.plist
version.plist
French.lproj/
InfoPlist.strings
```



# Using Frameworks

- #include <Foo/foo.h> to compile
- -framework Foo to link
- Most in /System/Library/Frameworks
- -Fpath add place to find frameworks
  - Affects both compiler and linker
- /usr/include has normal Unix headers



# Basic Compiler Options

- The MAC OS X compiler is GCC
- The usual GCC options work
- Many additional options and language extensions
  - **-faltivec** enables AltiVec types and built-in functions
  - -mdynamic-no-pic for apps, makes nonrelocatable but can still access relocatable dylibs, more efficient than default code gen



## Building Libraries

- ar + ranlib to create statically linked libraries (libfoo.a)
- cc -dynamiclib for dynamically linked libraries (dylibs)
- GNU libtool (aka glibtool) usually knows how to build
  - May need to update libtool bits in source distro



#### Versions

- Lower layers of system called "Darwin"
  - Open source, no frameworks, no GUI
- sw\_vers reports Mac OS X version—10.1.3, etc.
- uname -a reports Darwin version—5.3, etc.
- Correspondence
  - Mac OS X 10.0 = Darwin 1.3.1
  - 10.1 = 1.4
  - $\bullet 10.1.[123] = = 5.[123]$



### Basic Porting

- GNU configure/make usually "just works"
- Maybe update config.guess and config.sub: http://savannah.gnu.org/cgi-bin/viewcvs/config/config/
- Symlink cc to gcc and c++ to g++ for some ports
- Do not rely on predefined macros—test for features or add **-dmacosx** in makefile



# Interface Porting

- Curses (ncurses) "just works"
- Aqua-fied tcl/tk and Qt are now available
- X11 available if users run X11 server
- OpenGL and GLUT are standard
  - Must translate #include <GL/gl.h> into #include <OpenGL/gl.h>



#### Common Problems

- Compiler uses precompiled headers by default
  - Rarely useful for Unix ports
  - Use -no-cpp-precomp to suppress
- Missing declarations
- Missing functions
  - Reimplement or #ifdef sources
- Extra definitions
  - Use -multiply\_defined suppress



#### Less Common Problems

- Designated initializers not available with 2.95.2-based compiler
  - int arr1[10] = { [5] 45, [1] 92 }; (GNU)
  - int arr2[10] = { [5] = 45, [1] = 92 }; (C99)
- **dlopen()** not directly available
  - Can emulate functionality
- Some pthread functions are missing
- Namespace conflicts
  - Use -twolevel\_namespace
- Run ranlib after ar





# Demo

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### More Porting

- Add autoconf macros to test OS features
  - Assume lowest system version possible if shipping binaries
  - Read "GNU Autoconf, Automake and Libtool" (New Riders, 2000)
- AvailabilityMacros.h is in Jaguar



#### Caveats

- Do not abuse root
  - Rename tools
  - symlink headers
- Mach-O object files very different
  - No standard GNU binutils port
- Watch out for HFS+ vs. UFS issues
  - foo.c and Foo.C in same directory



# Debugging With GDB

- The Mac OS X debugger is GDB
- Currently based on FSF's 5.0 release
- Many additional commands; Objective-C, Mach support, frameworks, etc.

future-break fmwk.c:432 print-object objc\_obj info mach-tasks



### GCC 3

- Current compiler based on 2.95.2
- Next version of compiler will be based on 3.1
- Features
  - More optimization
  - Better C++ conformance
  - PFE for precompiled headers
- Available for testing now



# Using GCC 3

- 2.95.2 always at /usr/bin/gcc2
- Latest version 3 always at /usr/bin/gcc3
- /usr/bin/cc and /usr/bin/gcc symlink to one or other of gcc[23]
- Script gcc\_select, run as root, chooses
  - gcc\_select 2
  - gcc\_select 3
- Aux programs and headers also relinked



### Using PB

- Can build legacy targets with IDE
- Many defaults and flags set up correctly for Mac OS X
- Easier access to documentation
- pbxbuild command available for scripts





# Demo

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### Technical Documentation

- Command line tools have man pages
  - At the terminal prompt: man <toolname>
- Reference docs in
   /Developer/Documentation/DevTools for
  - Compiler
  - Preprocessor
  - gdb
  - MachORuntime



#### For More Information

- ADC Tools pages http://developer.apple.com/tools/
- Darwin pages http://www.apple.com/darwin/
- VersionTracker http://www.versiontracker.com
- GNU-Darwin at SourceForge http://www.gnu-darwin.sf.net
- Fink at SourceForge http://www.fink.sf.net



# Roadmap

105 Porting UNIX Apps to Mac OS X: Helpful tips to speed porting your apps	Civic Tue., 5:00pm
<b>FF000 Technical Documentation:</b> Give feedback to the documentation team	Room J1 Wed., 10:30am
903 Exploring the Project Builder IDE:	Hall 2
Learn all about Project Builder's features	<b>Wed.</b> , <b>5:00pm</b>
905 Apple Performance Tools:	Hall 2
See the tools supplied to optimize your app	Thurs., 5:00pm



#### Who to Contact

#### **Godfrey DiGiorgi**

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#### **Mailing Lists at Apple**

http://lists.apple.com

darwin projectbuilder-users

#### **Development Tools Engineering Feedback**

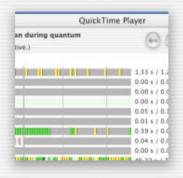
macosx-tools-feedback@group.apple.com





# Q&A











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http://developer.apple.com/wwdc2002/urls.html

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